Based on Hospital Process of Care Measures – State Average

State	Percent of Heart Attack Patients Given Aspirin at Arrival	Percent of Heart Attack Patients Given Aspirin at Discharge	Percent of Heart Attack Patients Given ACE Inhibitor or ARB for Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVSD)	Percent of Heart Attack Patients Given Beta Blocker at Discharge	Percent of Heart Attack Patients Given Smoking Cessation Advice/Counse ling
MA	100%	100%	97%	99%	100%
RI	99%	99%	97%	99%	100%

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Based on Hospital Process of Care Measures – State Average

100%     94%     99%     95%     94%     99%       50%     98%     99%     96%     85%     98%	Percent of Heart Attack Patients Given Fibrinolytic Medication Within 30 Minutes Of Arrival	Percent of Heart Attack Patients Given PCI Within 90 Minutes Of Arrival	Percent of Heart Failure Patients Given an Evaluation of Left Ventricular Systolic (LVS) Function	Percent of Heart Failure Patients Given ACE Inhibitor or ARB for Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVSD)	Percent of Heart Failure Patients Given Discharge Instructions	Percent of Heart Failure Patients Given Smoking Cessation Advice/Counse ling
50% 98% 99% 96% 85% 98%	100%	94%	99%	95%	94%	99%
	50%	98%	99%	96%	85%	98%

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Based on Hospital Process of Care Measures – State Average

Percent of Pneumonia Patients Given Initial Antibiotic(s) within 6 Hours After Arrival	Percent of Pneumonia Patients Whose Initial ER Blood Culture Was Performed Prior To Administration Of First Dose Of Antibiotics	Percent of Pneumonia Patients Given Smoking Cessation Advice/Counse ling	Percent of Pneumonia Patients Given the Most Appropriate Initial Antibiotic(s)	Percent of Pneumonia Patients Assessed and Given Influenza Vaccination	Percent of Pneumonia Patients Assessed and Given Pneumococcal Vaccination
97%	96%	98%	96%	94%	96%
94%	96%	99%	95%	89%	91%

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# SHG\_POCareMeasures\_MARI Based on Hospital Process of Care Measures – State Average

Surgery patients who were given an antibiotic at the right time (within one hour before surgery) to help prevent infection	Surgery patients whose preventive antibiotics were stopped at the right time (within 24 hours after surgery)	Surgery patients who were given the right kind of antibiotic to help prevent infection	Patients who got treatment at the right time (within 24 hours before or after their surgery) to help prevent blood clots	Surgery patients whose doctors ordered treatments to prevent blood clots after certain types of surgeries	Heart surgery patients whose blood sugar (blood glucose) is kept under good control in the days right after surgery
98%	98%	99%	98%	98%	96%
98%	97%	98%	96%	98%	94%

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# SHG\_POCareMeasures\_MARI Based on Hospital Process of Care Measures – State Average

Surgery patients needing hair removed from the surgical area before surgery who had hair removed using a safer method	The percent of surgery patients whose urinary catheters were removed on the first or second day after surgery	Surgery patients who were taking heart drugs called beta blockers before coming to the hospital who were kept on them	Percent of Children Who Received Reliever Medication While Hospitalized for Asthma	Percent of Children Who Received Systemic Corticosteroid Medication While Hospitalized for Asthma	Percent of Children and their Caregivers Who Received a Home Management Plan of Care Document While Hospitalized for Asthma
100%	92%	97%	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
100%	88%	96%	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

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Based on Hospital Process of Care Measures – State Average

Outpatients having surgery who got an antibiotic at the right time - within one hour before surgery (higher numbers are better)	Outpatients having surgery who got the right kind of antibiotic (higher numbers are better)	Average number of minutes before outpatients with chest pain or possible heart attack got an ECG	Average number of minutes before outpatients with chest pain or possible heart attack were transferred to another hospital	Median Time to Fibrinolysis	Outpatients with chest pain or possible heart attack who got aspirin within 24 hours of arrival
96%	96%	9	57	29	97%
96%	95%	10	68	31	96%

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# SHG\_POCareMeasures\_MARI Based on Hospital Process of Care Measures – State Average

Outpatients with chest pain or possible heart attack who got drugs to break up blood clots within 30 minutes of arrival	Heart Attack Patients Given a Prescription for a Statin at Discharge	Patients having surgery who were actively warmed in the operating room or whose body temperature was near normal
62%	98%	100%
44%	97%	100%

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